



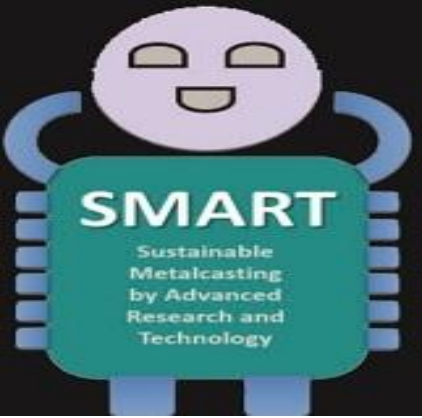
# Finite Element Analysis of Induction Heating Process Design for SMART Foundry 2020

*(SMART=Sustainable Metal casting using Advanced Research and Technology)*

Presented By:

Himanshu Singh

PhD Scholar VNIT Nagpur

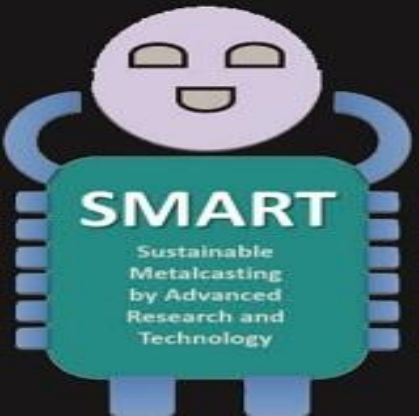


# *Modules of the project*

1. Casting design and simulation
2. Automatic mold fabrication
3. Efficient melting and direct pouring
4. Metal matrix processing
5. Data sensing, analytics and optimization



# 3D Scanning for Reverse Engineering

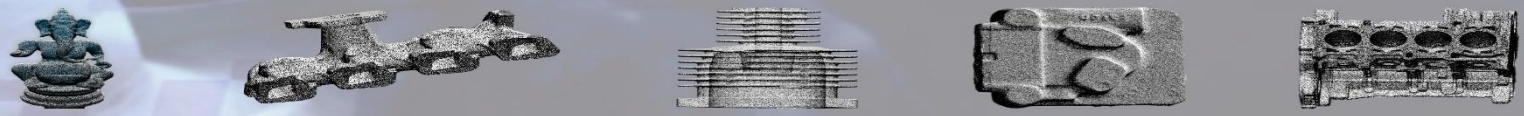


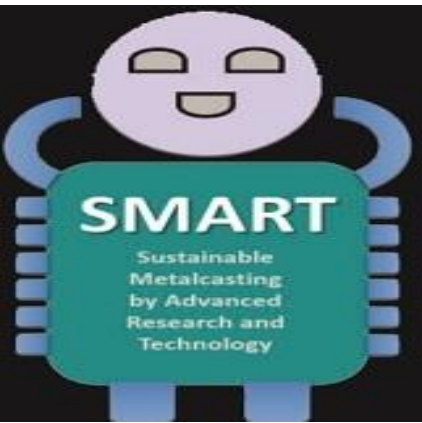
Creation of 3D models without CAD:  
Rapid manufacture of spare parts



Tripod-mounted systems scanning rotating objects give less than 0.1% error.

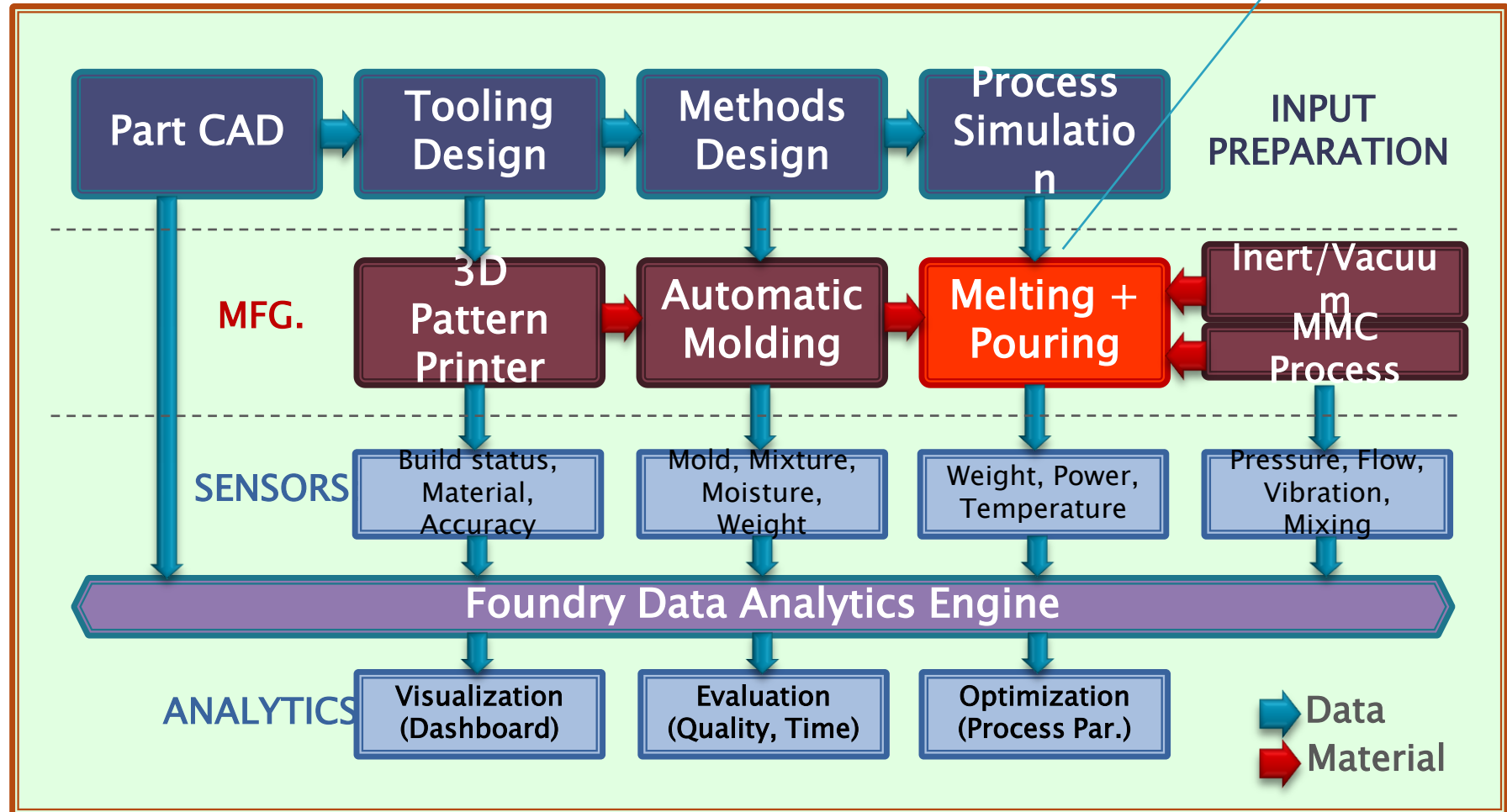
Hand-held and phone based scanning is less accurate, but costs much less, making it widely accessible.



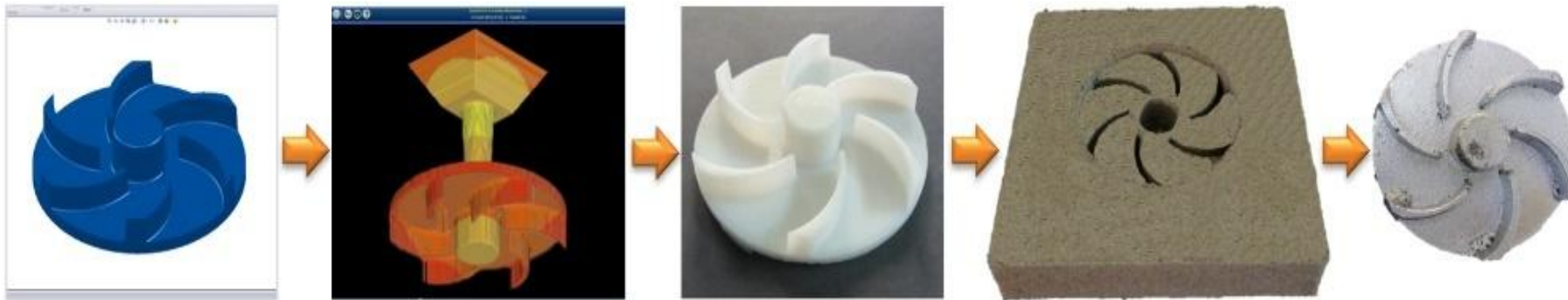


# SMART Foundry 2020

COMSOL Analysis



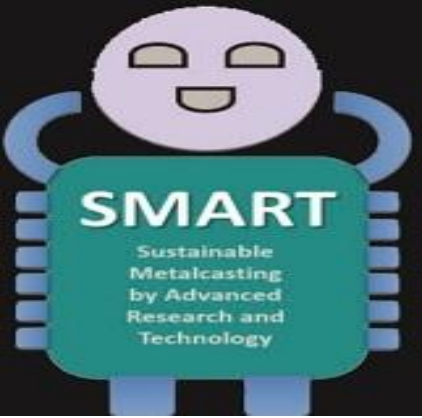
# Steps:



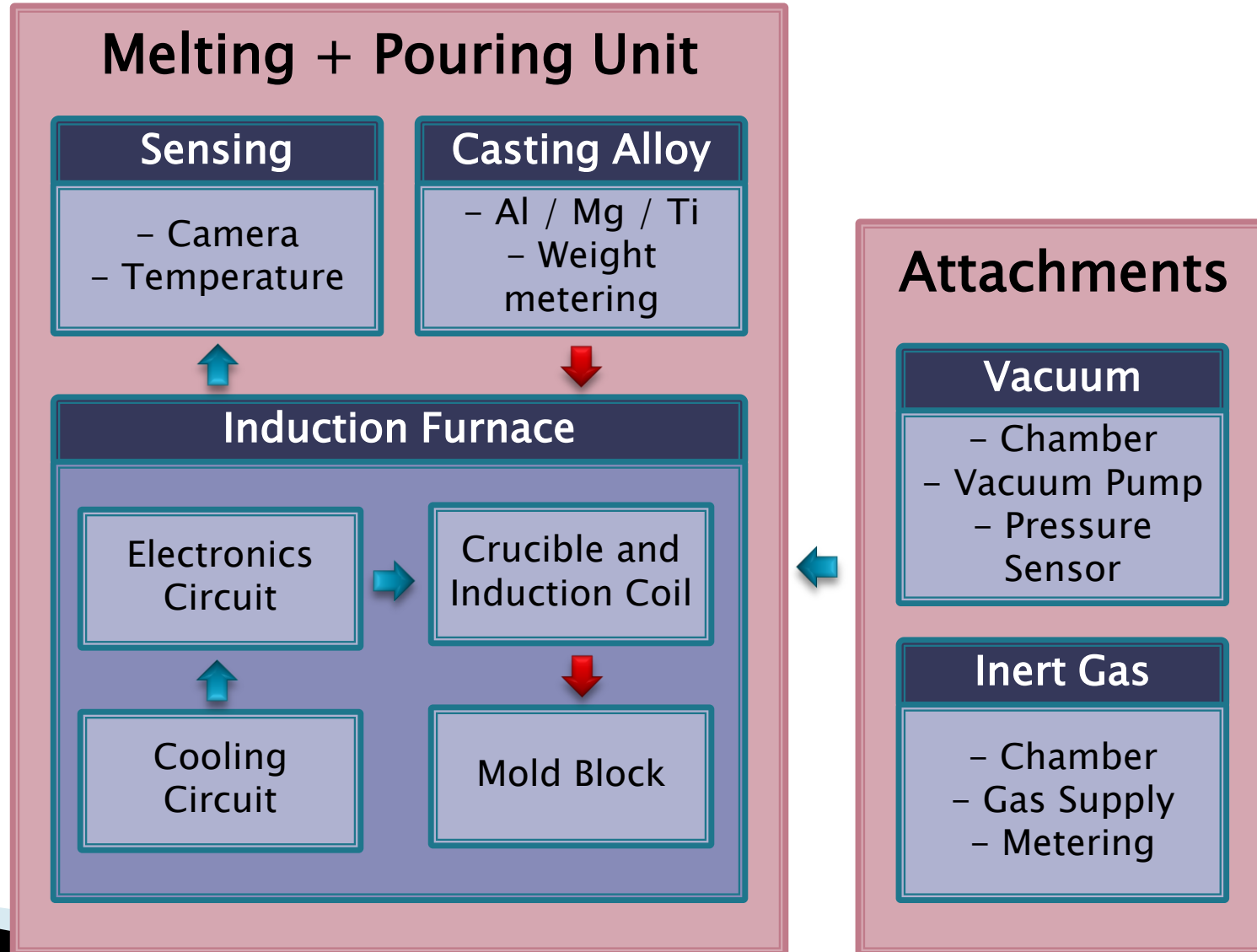


# Area to be Explored

- ▶ Melting + Pouring



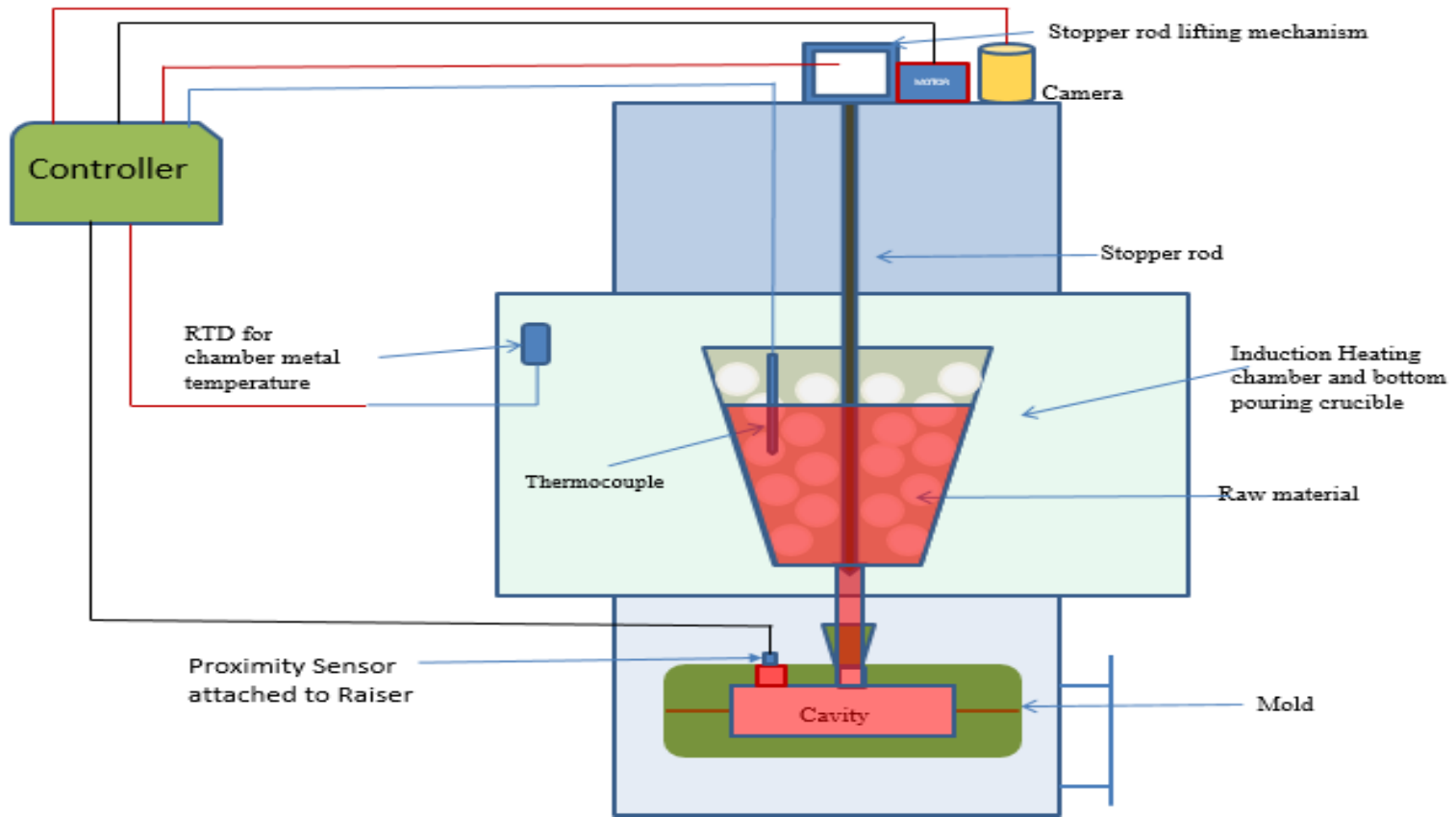
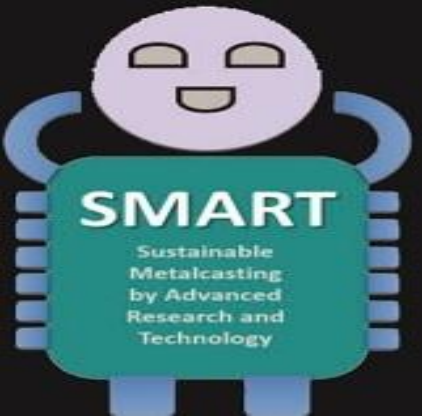
# Module : Melting and Direct Casting



# Induction Furnace @ VNIT Nagpur

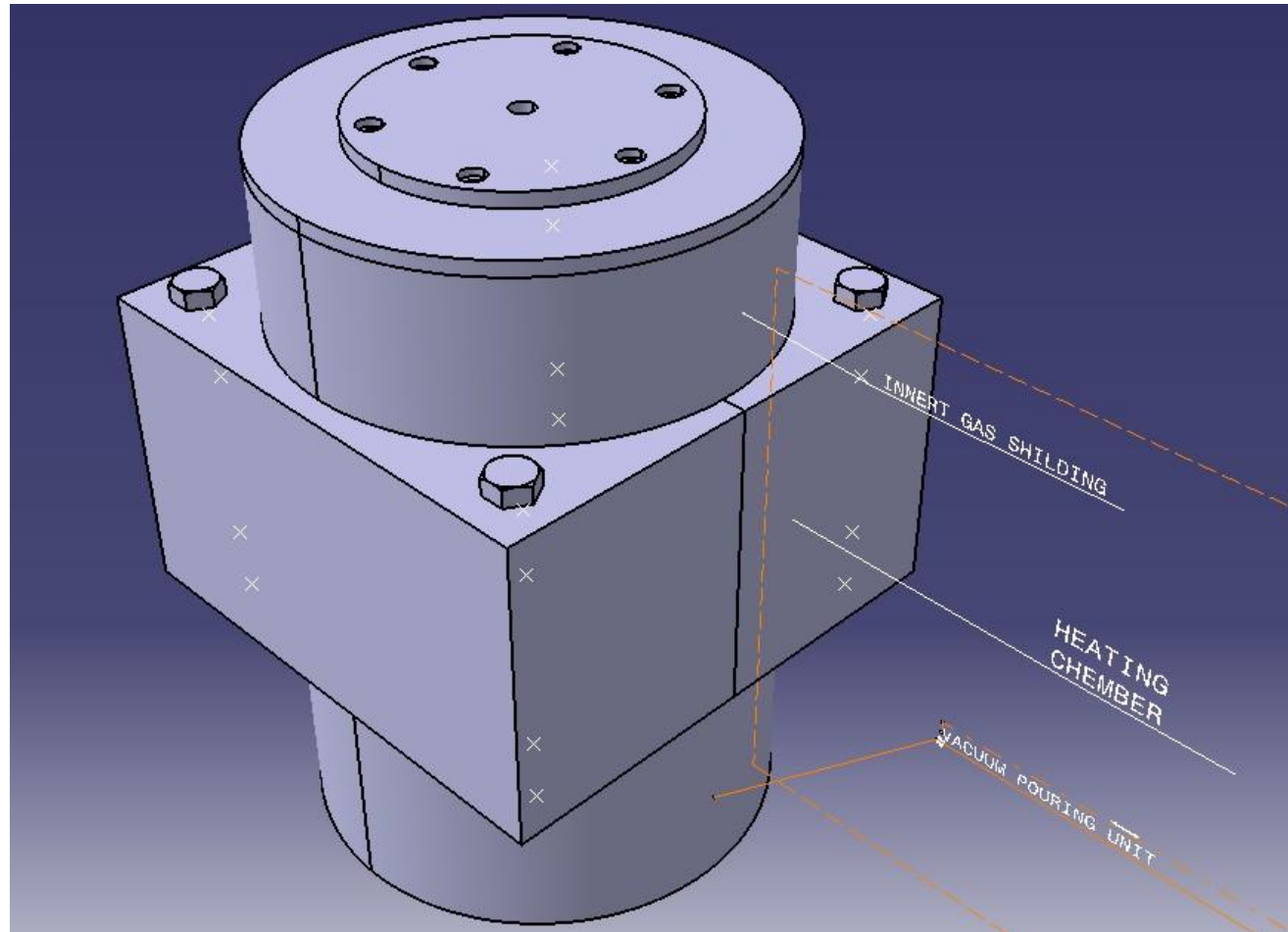


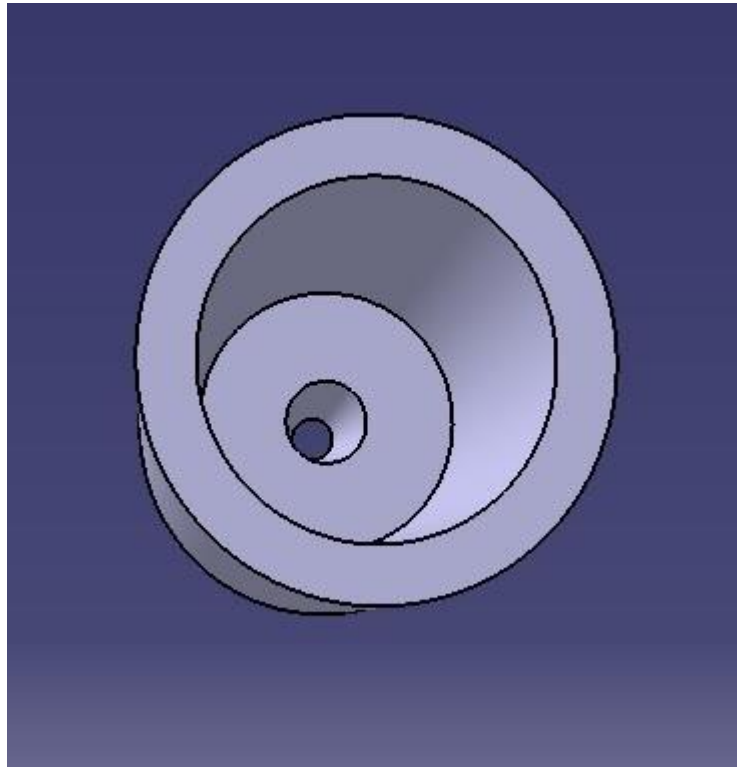




*Fig. Induction melting with direct pouring and data acquisition*

# Induction Furnace CAD Model





*Figure 2 Bottom Pouring Crucible*



*Figure 3 Crucible with Tapping Rod*

# COMSOL

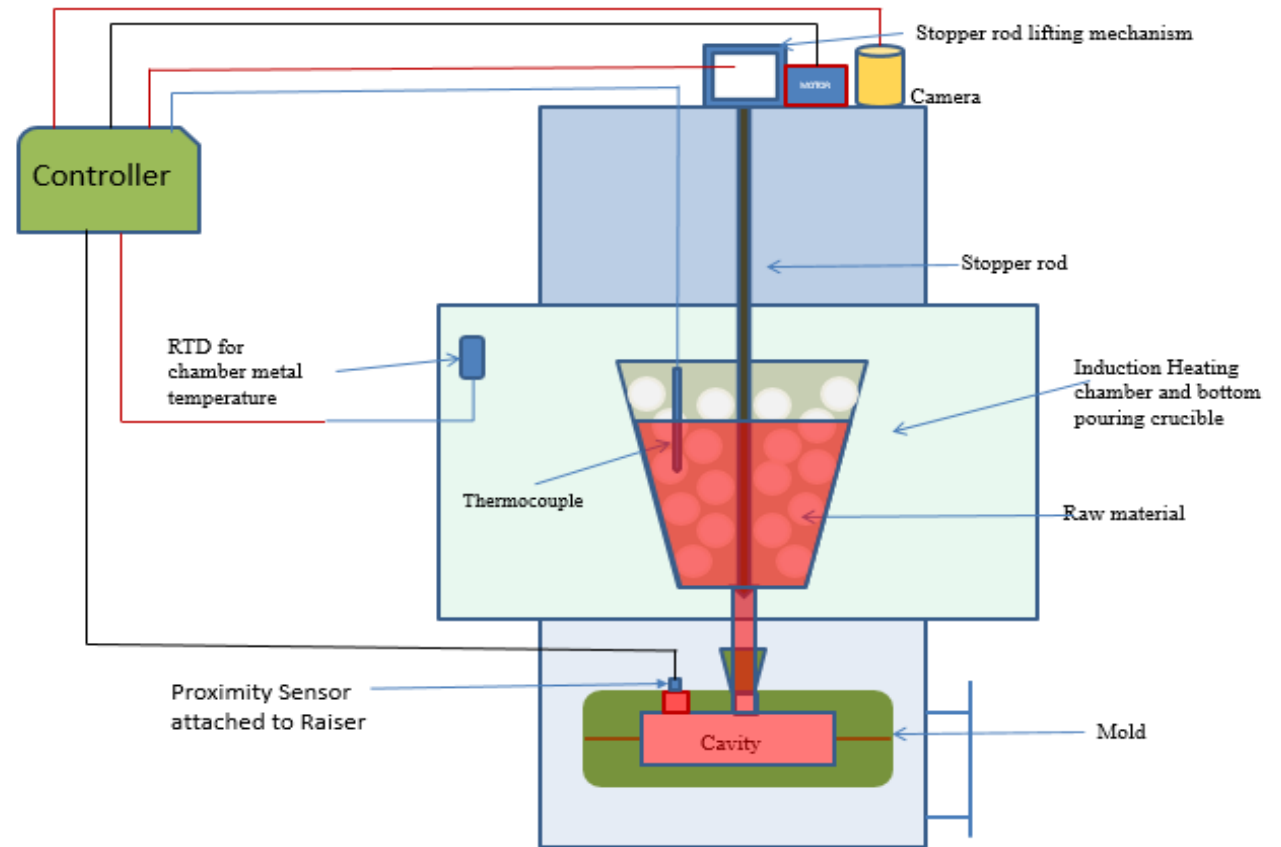
- ▶ Numerical model Validation
- ▶ Main features of the model
- ▶ Geometry & Meshing
- ▶ Governing equations and Boundary Conditions
- ▶ Numerical results
- ▶ Conclusions



It is a high temperature vacuum distillation furnace used for recovery of heavy metals

### Functions :

- Melt and consolidate of heavy metals
- distill the volatile metals and salts
- operate in inert containment box
- heat reasonably fast while being capable of holding temperature

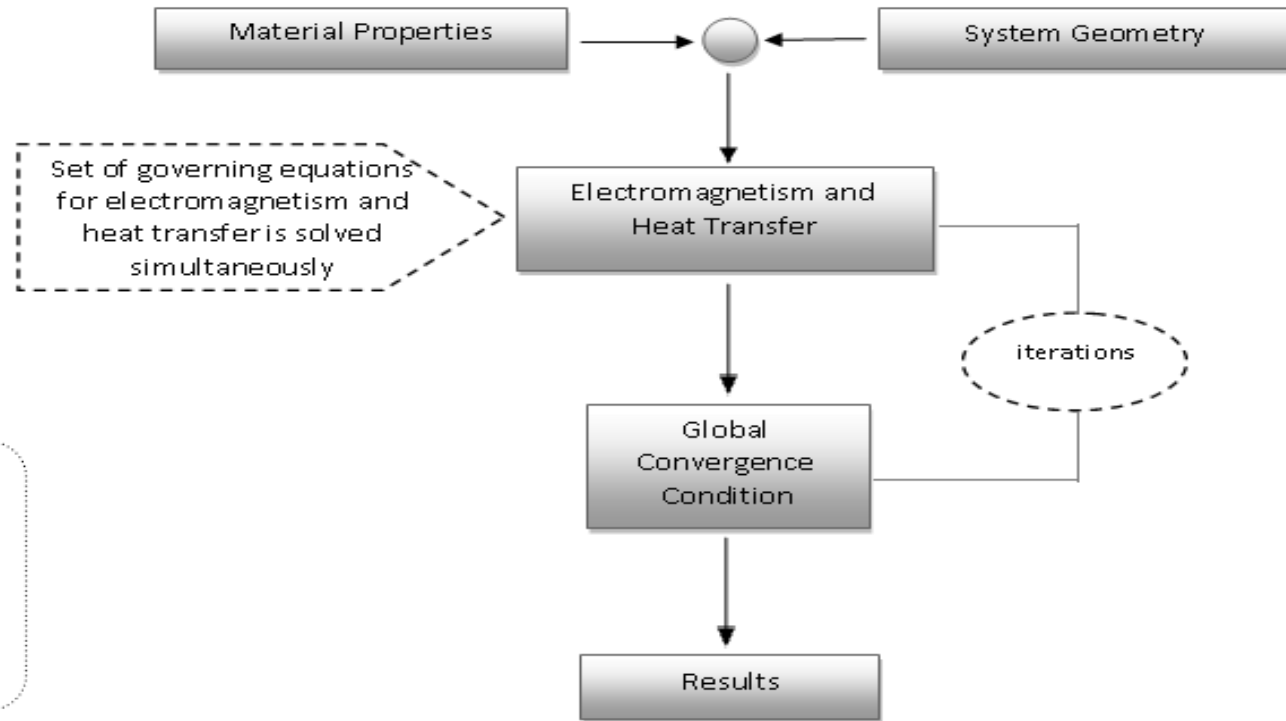
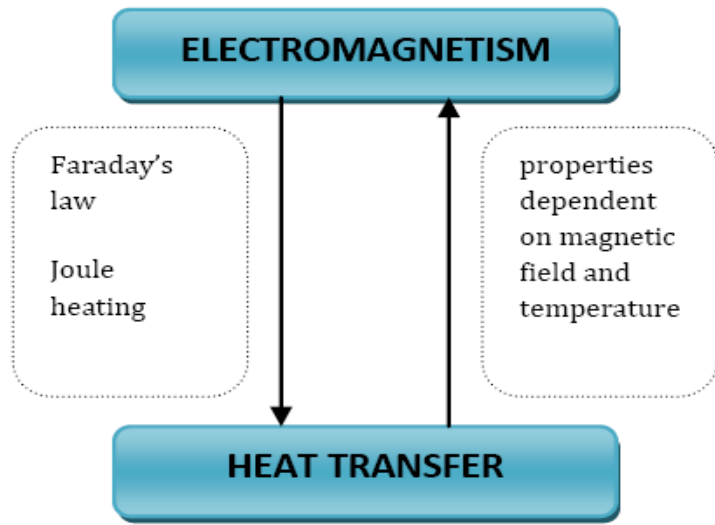


# COMSOL Modules

•Tightly coupled phenomena

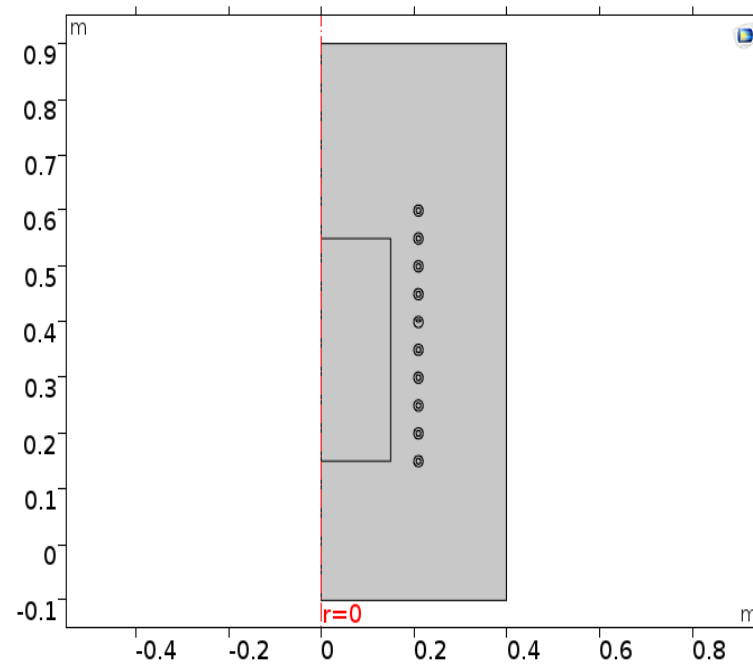
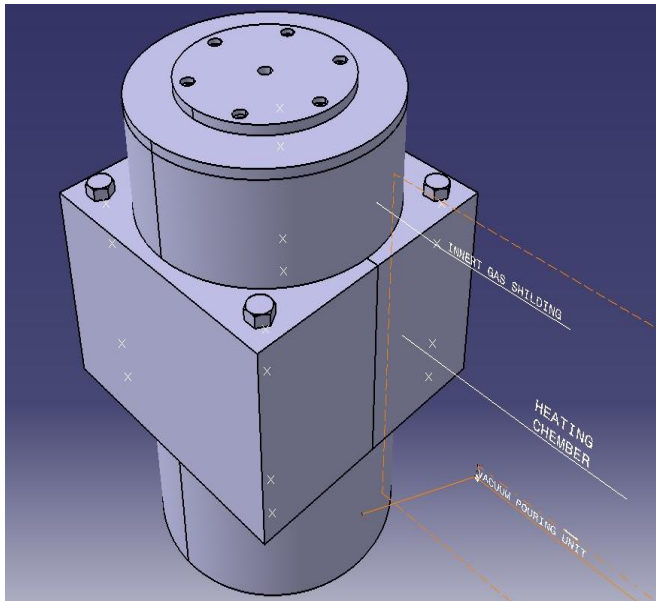
•Non linear

$\mu(T, \omega)$ ,  $\sigma(T)$ ,  $C(T)$ ,  $k(T)$

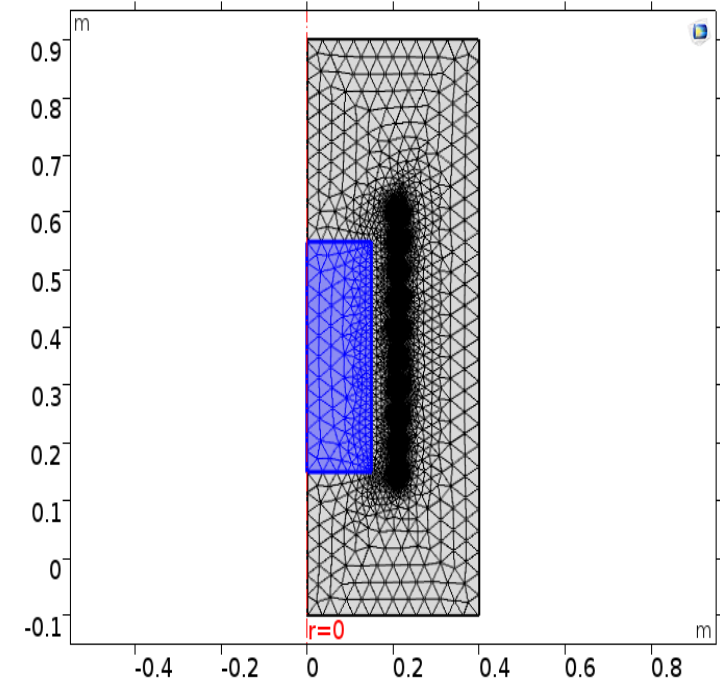


# Geometry in COMSOL

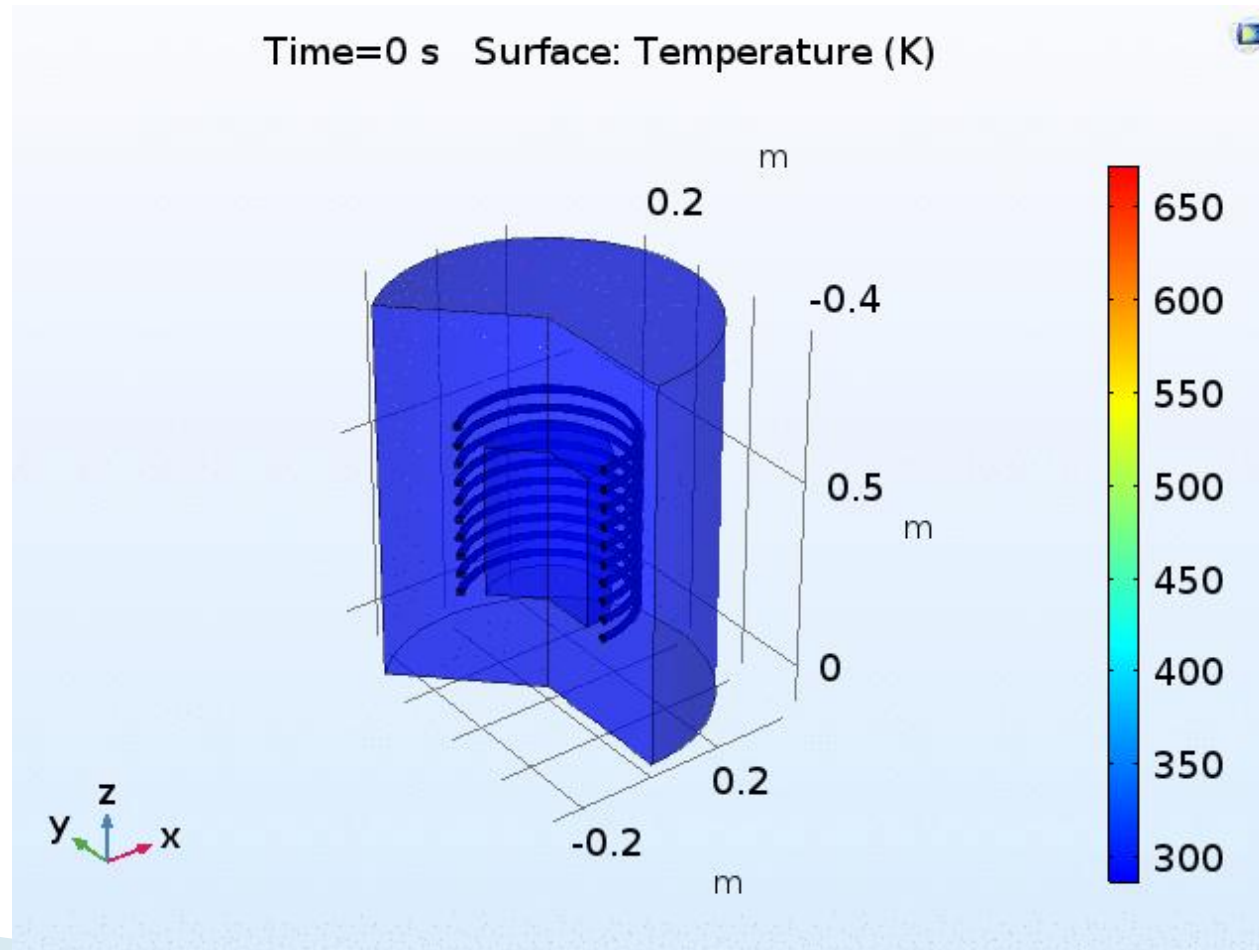
## 2D Axis Symmetric



Fine Meshing

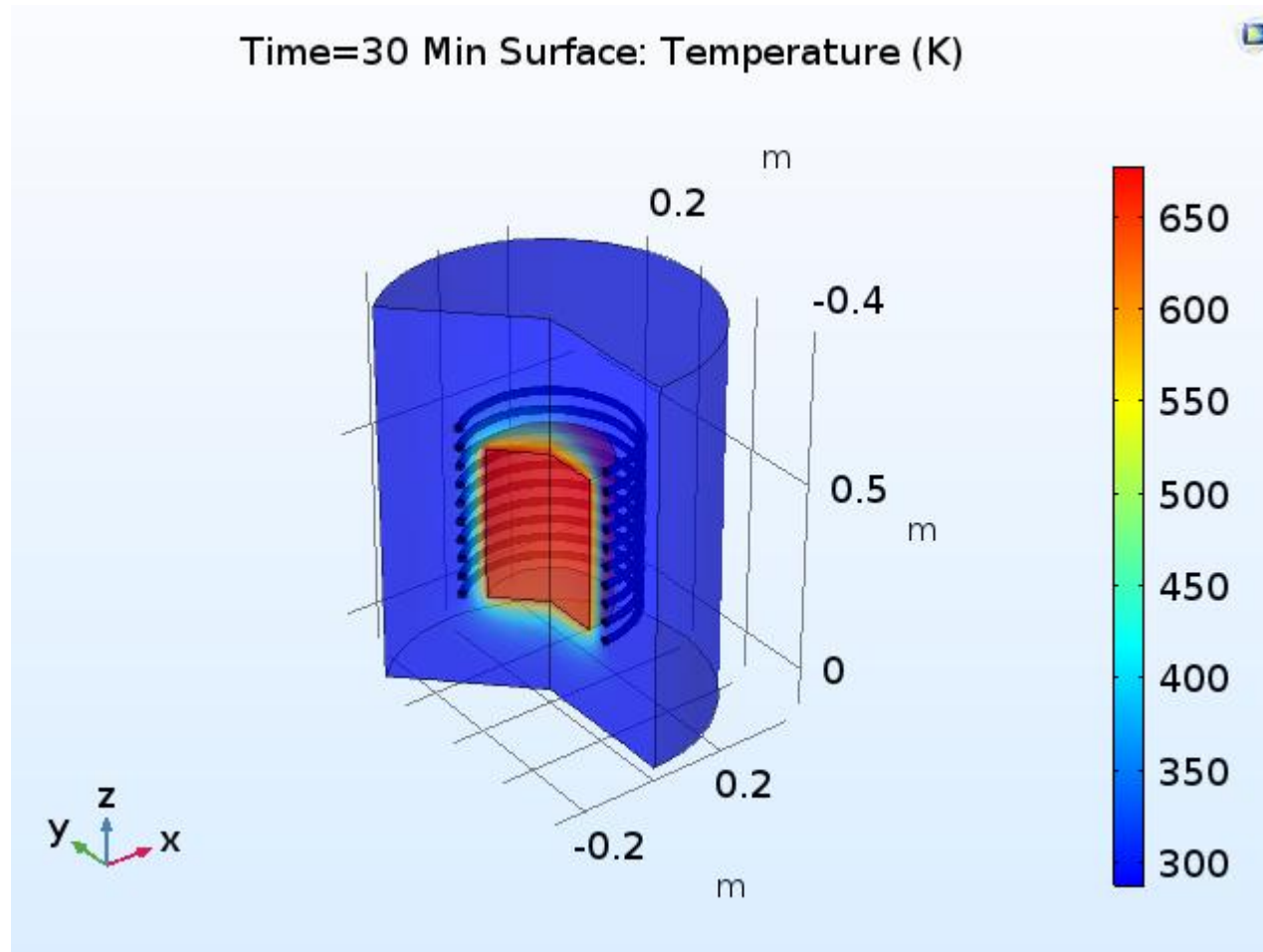


# Temperature Profile



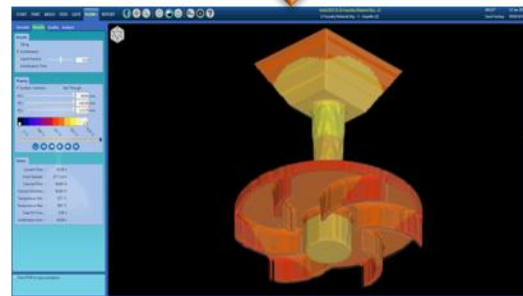
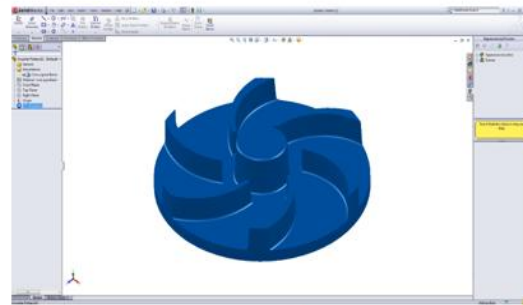
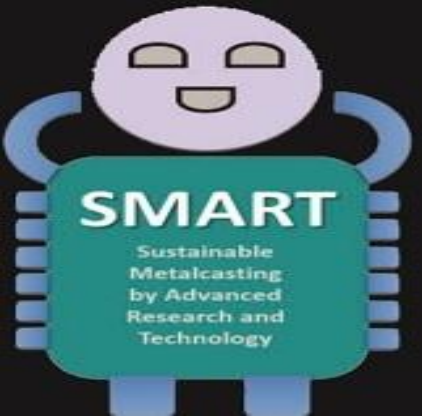


# Temperture Profile

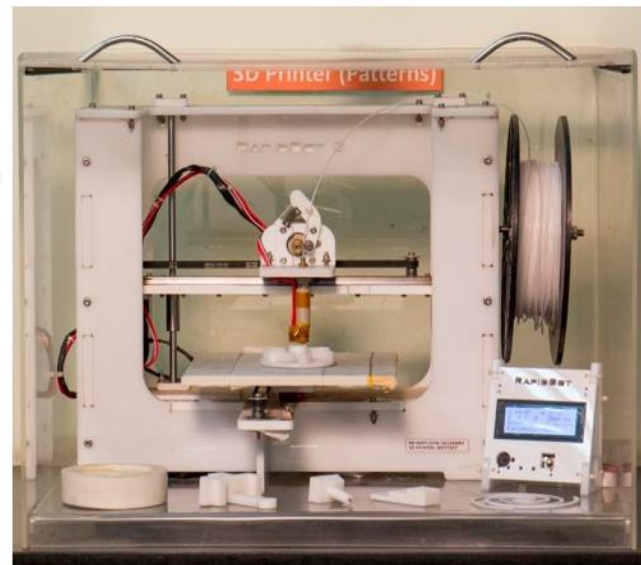


# Conclusions

- ▶ Transient Thermal analysis of mock-up induction furnace is being carried out in this study which is highly important for operation and control of the process.
- ▶ Preliminary model : it will aid in improving the design.
- ▶ The results of this study have shown that the temperature of the crucible rises to 1500 oC in 2 hours of heating time at frequency of 8 kHz and current of 400 A. copper is likely to melt under these conditions.
- ▶ The studies reveal that copper-liner is effective in reducing the electromagnetic coupling between the coil and the vessel and thus prevents vessel from getting heated up by this effect.
- ▶ The coil temperatures are above the acceptable temperature of copper material, hence different cooling technique is to be adopted.
- ▶ These results will be compared with the experimental results which will be obtained during the operation of mock up facility.



**3D CAD and Simulation**



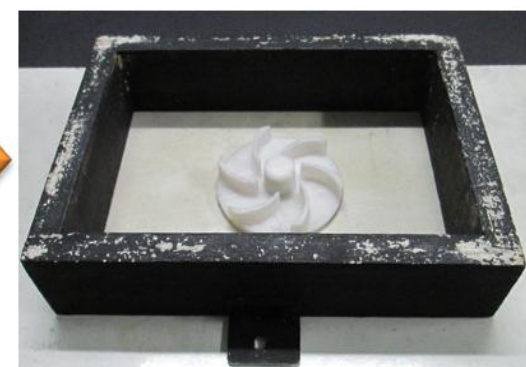
**3D Printing**



**Melting + Pouring**



**Plastic Pattern**

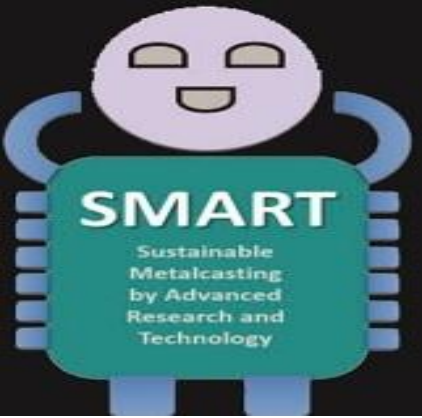


**No-Bake Molding**

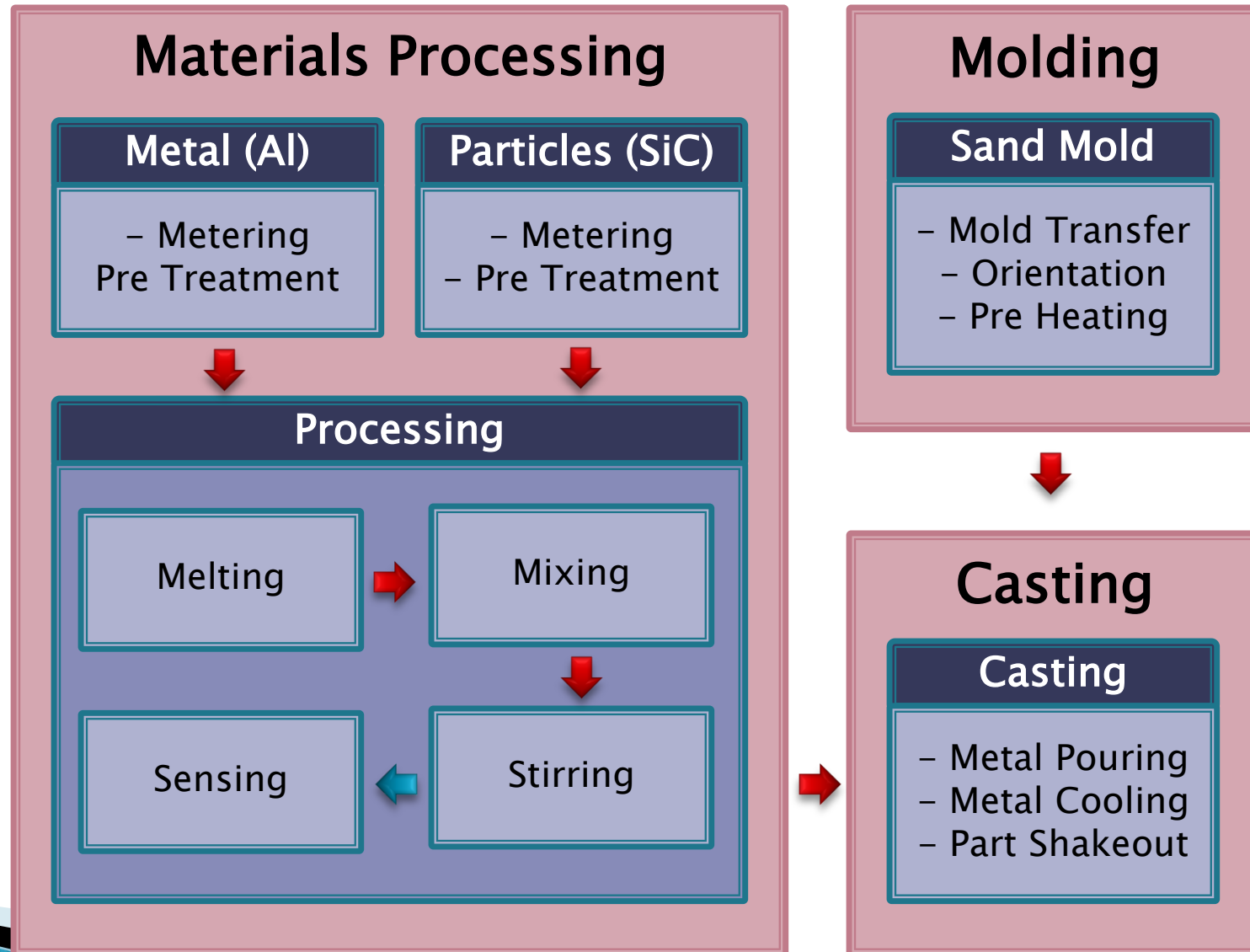


**Cast Part**

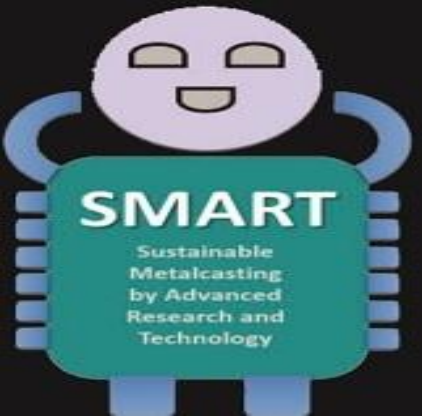
*Fig. Low cost rapid manufacturing methodology developed with industry partners*



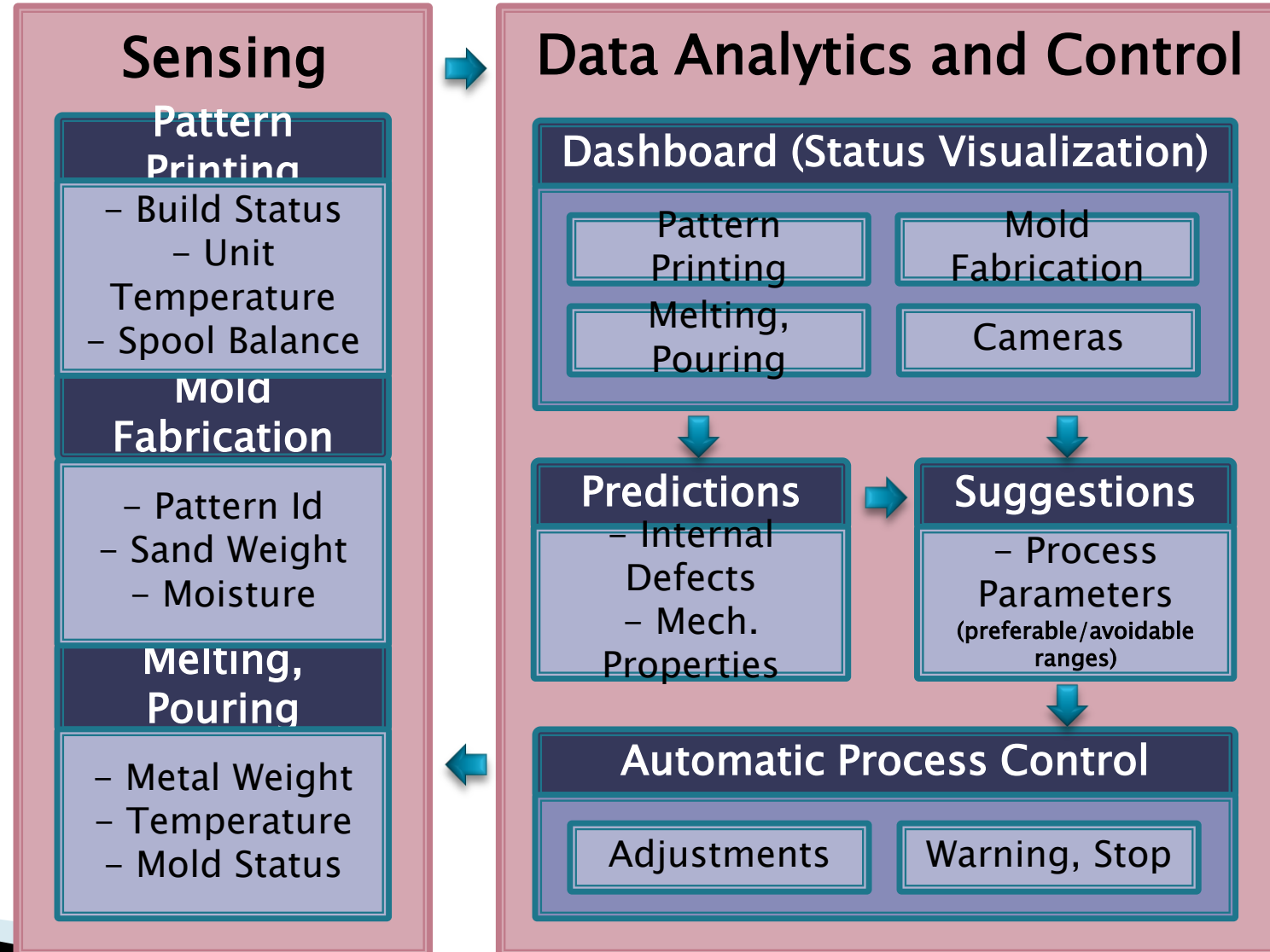
# Module D: Metal Matrix Processing & Casting







# Data Sensing and Analytics



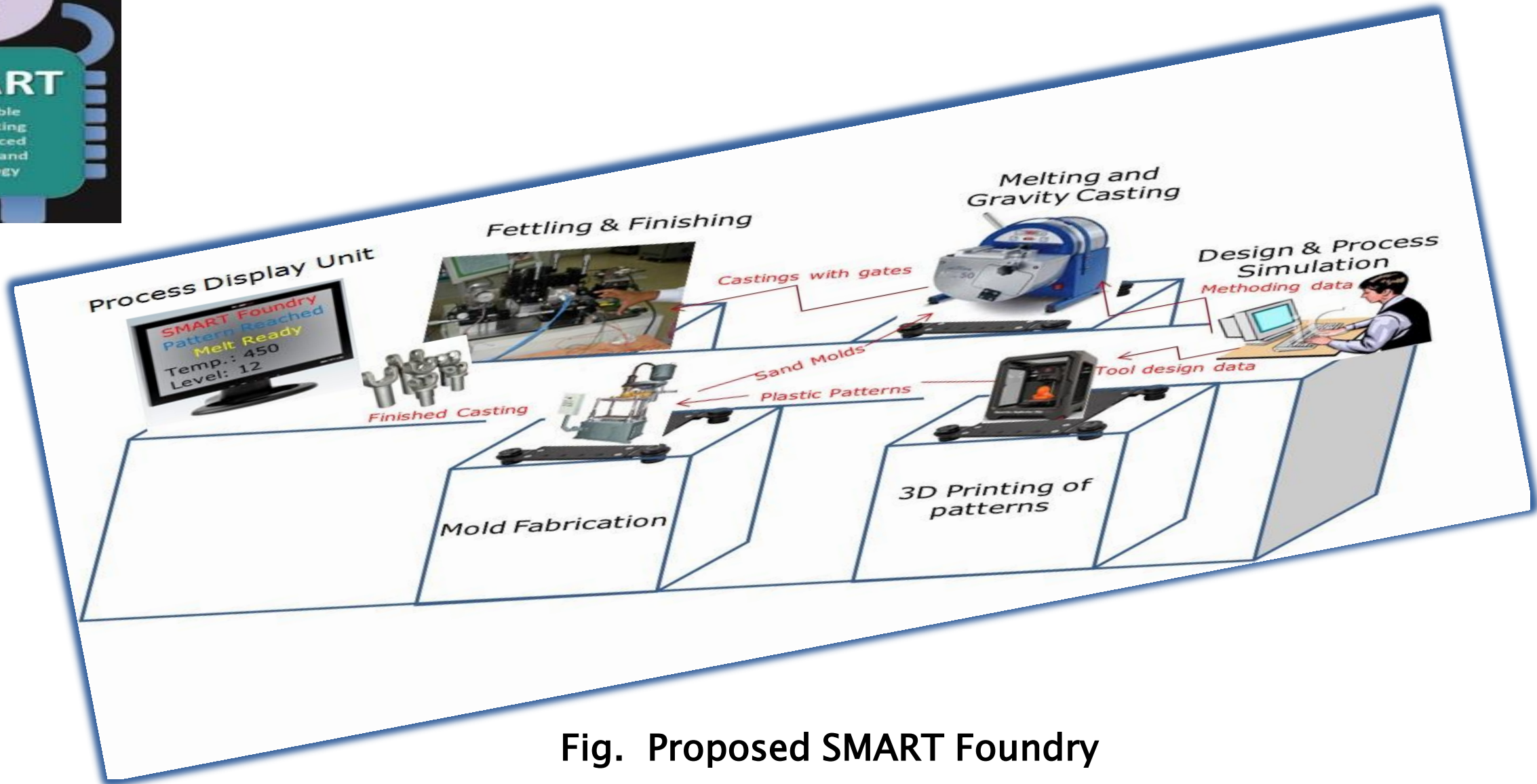
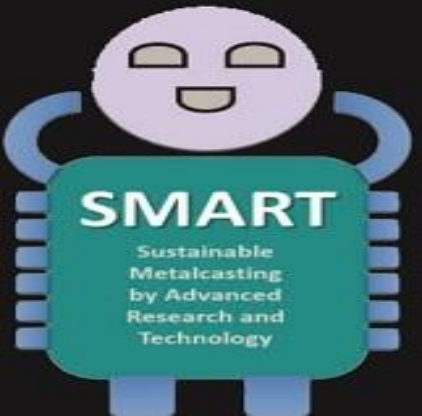
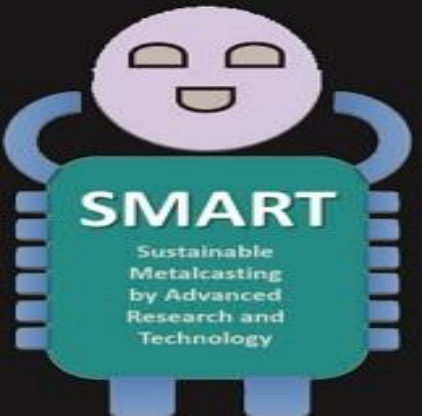


Fig. Proposed SMART Foundry



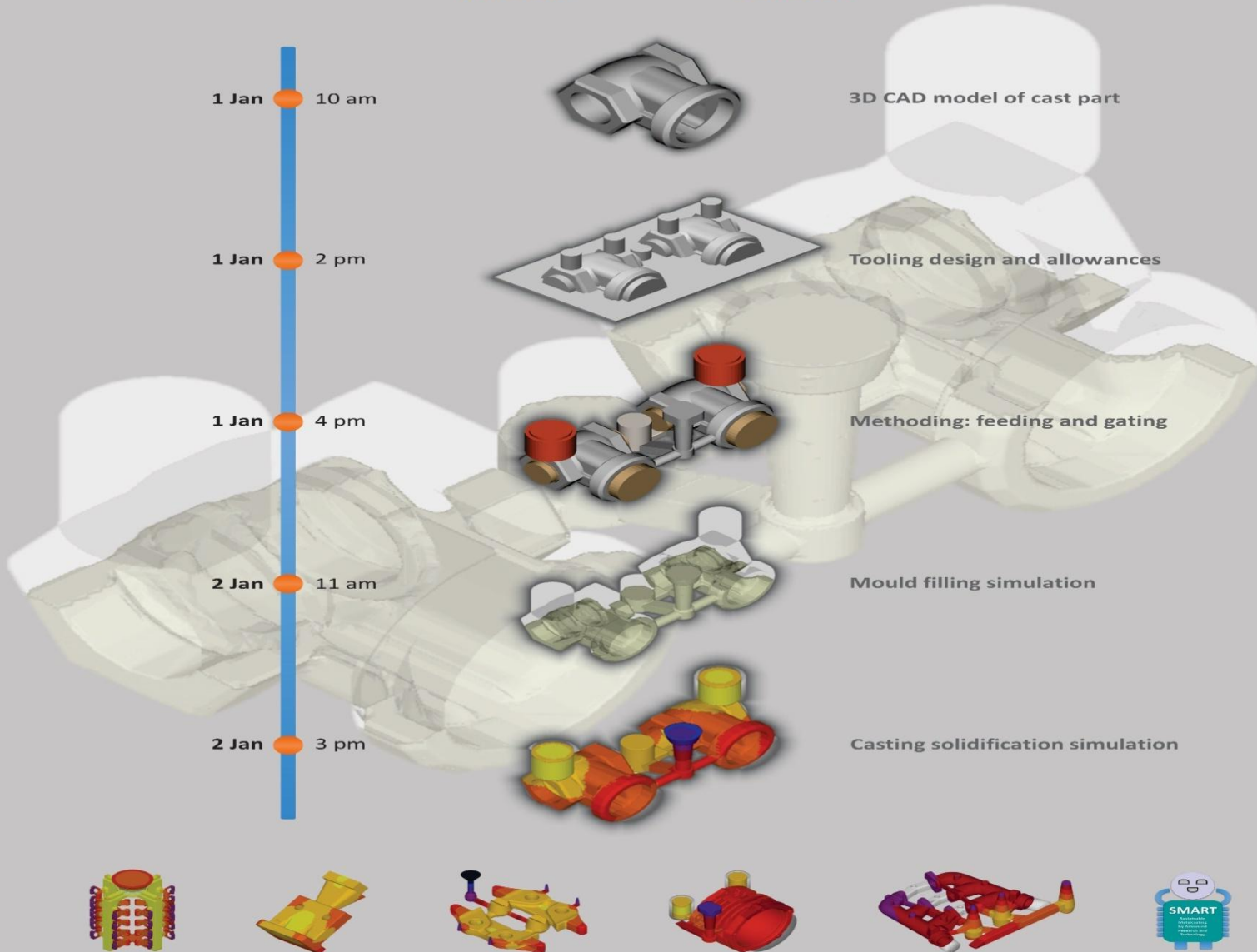
# Casting Design and Simulation

Visualize metal casting process

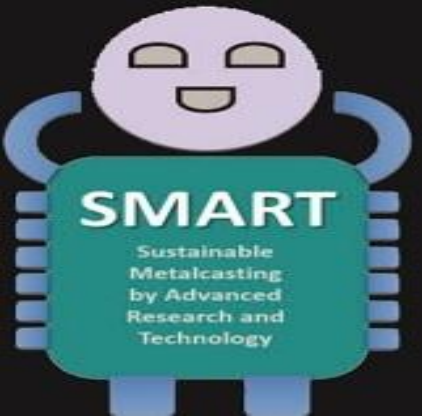
< (INSIGHT) >

Troubleshoot defective castings : **HINDSIGHT**

**FORESIGHT** : Ensure quality of future castings







# 3D Printing of Casting Patterns

Automatic manufacture of tooling for short production runs



3D CAD model



3D Plastic Printer

Tooling (pattern / die / mold) can be manufactured by any of these routes:

- + Additive (3D Printing): *fast*
- Subtractive (Machining): *accurate*
- ~ Formative (Casting): *economical*

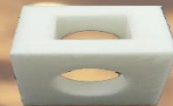
Hybrid route combining all three, is useful for rapid manufacture of plastic or metal patterns with high accuracy yet low cost.



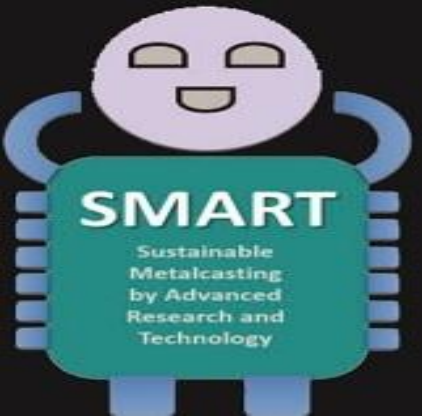
Plastic pattern



Sand casting







# Rapid (No-bake) Sand Moulding

Chemical resin bonded sand moulds  
manual or automatic | clean and easy process



Silica Sand



Chemicals



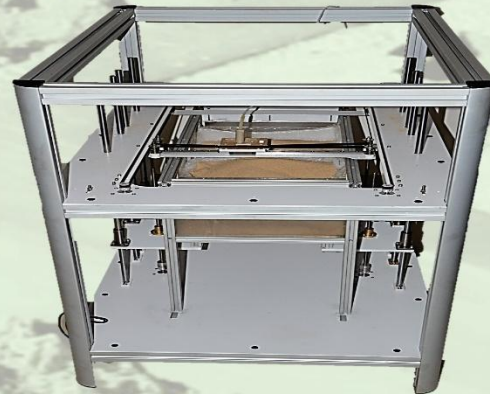
Plastic pattern fabricated by 3D Printing



Sand Mixer



Manual mould making



3D Printer for automatic fabrication of sand moulds

Resin based moulding:

- ✓ Clean (unlike clay based)
- ✓ Less ramming pressure
- ✓ No baking (energy saving)
- ✓ Quick hardening & strength
- ✓ Good dimensional quality
- ✓ Easy to shake-out



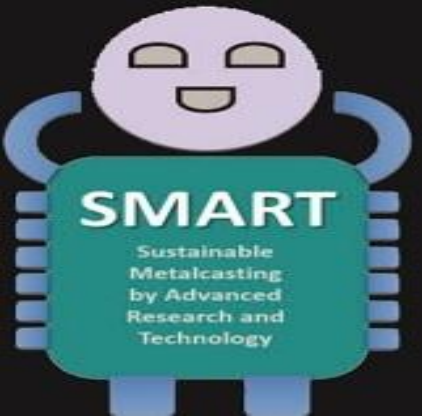
Mould ready for pouring  
(within one hour)



Al-alloy casting







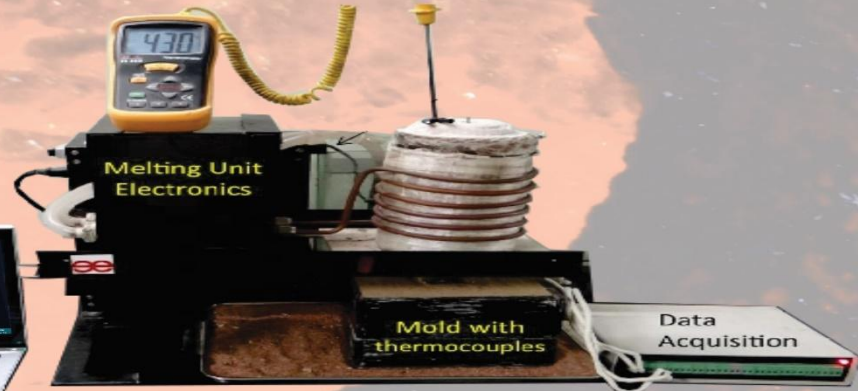
# Tabletop Casting (Melting + Pouring)

Induction melting and direct pouring into mould:  
Compact, energy-efficient, safe

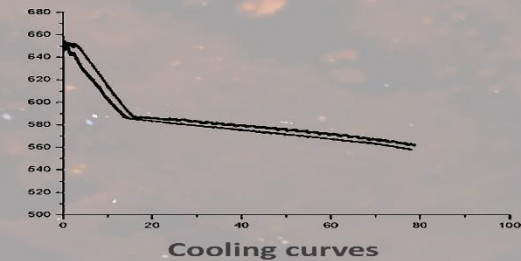


Sand Mold

Computer-controlled tabletop casting unit with temperature data acquisition



Casting with thermocouples



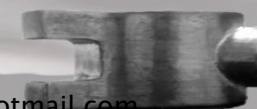
**Speed:** CAD to First Part in 8 hours  
Subsequently, 1 part/ hour/ mould

**Cost:** 2-5% of Metal 3D Printing

**Quality:** Direct pouring minimizes

- **Air contact:**
  - Less gas pickup (gas porosity)
  - Less oxidation (slag inclusion)
- **Temperature drop**
  - Less fluidity issues (cold shut)

Cooling curve is a signature of the alloy composition and processing. It helps predict the mechanical properties of casting.



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**THANK  
YOU**

